Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2014

with

Independent Auditors' Report

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors
Eagle Bend Metropolitan District No. 2
Arapahoe County, Colorado

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities and each major fund of Eagle Bend Metropolitan District No. 2 (the "District") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities and each major fund of Eagle Bend Metropolitan District No. 2 as of December 31, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows, and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Phone: 303.771.9575

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplemental information as listed in the table of contents is presented for legal compliance and purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplemental information on pages 25 through 27 are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental information on pages 25 through 27 are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Schedule of Debt Service Requirements to Maturity on pages 28 through 29 and the Summary of Assessed Valuation, Mill Levy and Property Taxes Collected on page 30 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. This information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

June 25, 2015 Centennial, Colorado

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2014

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-Type Activities	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 1,766,788	\$ 1,371,694	\$ 3,138,482
Cash and investments - restricted	7,673	-	7,673
Receivable - County Treasurer	1,026	-	1,026
Property taxes receivable	2,785,661	-	2,785,661
Accounts receivable - customer	152.040	212	212
Bond insurance costs, net of amortization	152,049		152,049
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	4,713,197	1,371,906	6,085,103
CAPITAL ASSETS			
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	4,027,391	952,830	4,980,221
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS	4,027,391	952,830	4,980,221
TOTAL ASSETS	8,740,588	2,324,736	11,065,324
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred loss on refunding	1,496,144	_	1,496,144
•			
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,496,144		1,496,144
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	46,420	-	46,420
Accrued bond and loan interest payable	111,835	-	111,835
Bonds and loan payable, due within one year	780,000		780,000
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	938,255		938,255
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES			
City of Aurora ECCV reimbursement	-	291,685	291,685
Bonds payable, net of current portion	15,368,613	-	15,368,613
Loan payable, net of current portion	16,555,000		16,555,000
TOTAL LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	31,923,613	291,685	32,215,298
TOTAL LIABILITIES	32,861,868	291,685	33,153,553
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred property taxes	2,785,661		2,785,661
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2,785,661		2,785,661
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	(28,676,222)	661,145	(28,015,077)
Restricted for:			
Emergency reserve	36,911	-	36,911
Unrestricted	3,228,514	1,371,906	4,600,420
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	\$ (25,410,797)	\$ 2,033,051	\$ (23,377,746)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

					Net	(Expense) Reve	enue
		Program Revenues			and C	hanges in Net Po	osition
			Operating	Capital			
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type	
Functions/Programs	<u>Expenses</u>	Services	Contributions	Contributions	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
Primary Government:							
Governmental Activities:							
General government	\$ 237,879	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (237,879)	\$ -	\$ (237,879)
Interest and related costs on long-term debt	1,535,612	-	-	-	(1,535,612)	-	(1,535,612)
Depreciation	323,434				(323,434)		(323,434)
Total Governmental Activities	2,096,925				(2,096,925)		(2,096,925)
Business-type Activities:							
Propriety fund	160,537	323,016				162,479	162,479
Total Business-type Activities	160,537	323,016				162,479	162,479
Total	\$ 2,257,462	\$ 323,016	\$ -	\$ -	(2,096,925)	162,479	(1,934,446)
	General Reven	nues:					
	Property tax	xes			2,695,714	-	2,695,714
	Specific ow	nership taxes			197,655	-	197,655
	Transfers in				(35,890)	35,890	-
	Interest inc	ome			8,724		8,724
	Total Ger	neral Revenues			2,866,203	35,890	2,902,093
	Change in	n Net Position			769,278	198,369	967,647
	Net Posit	ion (Deficit) - Bo	eginning		(26,180,075)	1,834,682	(24,345,393)
	Net Posit	ion (Deficit) - E	nding		\$ (25,410,797)	\$ 2,033,051	\$ (23,377,746)

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2014

		Debt <u>General</u> <u>Service</u>				Total overnmental <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$	1 766 700	\$		\$	1 766 700
Cash and investments Cash and investments - restricted	Ф	1,766,788	Ф	7,673	Ф	1,766,788 7,673
Receivable County Treasurer		251		775		1,026
Property taxes receivable		682,203		2,103,458		2,785,661
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,449,242	\$	2,111,906	\$	4,561,148
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	46,420	\$		\$	46,420
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	46,420				46,420
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred property taxes		682,203		2,103,458		2,785,661
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		682,203		2,103,458		2,785,661
FUND BALANCES:						
Restricted:						
Emergencies		36,911		-		36,911
Debt service		-		8,448		8,448
Assigned: Anticipated for 2015 expenditures		1,683,708				1,683,708
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		1,720,619		8,448		1,729,067
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	2,449,242	\$	2,111,906		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net p	ositio	on are differer	nt be	cause:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds						4,027,391
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable reven in the funds.	ue					
Loss on bond refunding, net of amortization						1,496,144
Loan insurance costs, net of amortization						152,049
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds	and,					
Bonds and loan payable					((32,703,613)
Accrued interest on bonds and loan payable						(111,835)
Net Position (Deficit) of Governmental Activities					\$ ((25,410,797)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	<u>(</u>	<u>General</u>	Debt <u>Service</u>	<u>Total</u>
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$	660,175	\$ 2,035,539	\$ 2,695,714
Ownership taxes		48,405	149,250	197,655
Interest income		472	 8,252	8,724
TOTAL REVENUES		709,052	 2,193,041	 2,902,093
EXPENDITURES				
Accounting		7,624	-	7,624
Audit		5,300	-	5,300
Director fees and payroll taxes		2,306	-	2,306
Administration		4,486	-	4,486
Election		1,851	-	1,851
Communication		11,024	-	11,024
Insurance		6,261	-	6,261
Legal		22,705	-	22,705
Meetings		2,277	-	2,277
Miscellaneous		5,654	8,394	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - Total governmental funds \$ (1,325,938)

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities capital outlay is not reported as an expenditure. However, the statement of activities will report as depreciation expense the allocation of the cost of any depreciable asset over the estimated useful lives of the asset. Therefore, this is the amount of capital outlay, net of depreciation, in the current period.

Depreciation expense (323,434)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases and loans) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on the net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.

Bond insurance amortization	(12,368)
Amortization of loss on refunding	(78,744)
Original issue discount and original issue premium, net	(502)
Bond principal payment	1,755,000
Loan principal payment	735,000
Redemption costs	10,875

Some expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Change in accrued interest on bonds payable 9,389

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 769,278

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND December 31, 2014

	Water Enterprise Fund
ASSETS	
CURRENT ASSETS	
Cash deposits and investments	\$ 1,371,694
Accounts receivable - customer	212
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	1,371,906
CAPITAL ASSETS	
Capital assets being depreciated	1,137,387
Accumulated depreciation	(184,557)
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	952,830
TOTAL ASSETS	2,324,736
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	
City of Aurora ECCV reimbursement	291,685
TOTAL LIABILITIES	291,685
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	661,145
Unrestricted	1,371,906
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 2,033,051

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

	E	Water nterprise Fund
OPERATING REVENUES	¢	222.016
Water service	\$	323,016
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		323,016
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Utilities		103,567
Repairs and maintenance		2,423
Administration		7,187
Management		18,925
Depreciation		28,435
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		160,537
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS BEFORE OPERATING TRANSFERS		162,479
Operating transfers in		35,890
NET INCOME - CHANGE IN NET POSITION		198,369
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,834,682
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	2,033,051

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND

	Water Enterprise Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers	\$ 328,031 (132,102)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	195,929
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Transfer from General Fund	35,890
NET CASH PROVIDED FROM NON-CAPITAL ACTIVITIES	35,890
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Payments to City of Aurora - ECCV Reimbursement	(17,558)
NET CASH PROVIDED (REQUIRED) BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(17,558)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	214,261
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,157,433
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 1,371,694
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (REQUIRED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Net income from operations	\$ 162,479
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (REQUIRED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Depreciation	28,435
Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Accounts receivable	5,015
NET ADJUSTMENTS	33,450
NET CASH PROVIDED (REQUIRED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 195,929

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

REVENUES	Original/Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Property taxes	\$ 672,484	\$ 660,175	\$ (12,309)
Ownership taxes	47.073	48,405	1,332
Interest income	135	472	337
TOTAL REVENUES	719,692	709,052	(10,640)
EXPENDITURES			
Accounting	12,000	7,624	4,376
Audit	7,000	5,300	1,700
Director fees and payroll taxes	4,150	2,306	1,844
Administration	27,000	4,486	22,514
Election	20,000	1,851	18,149
Finance management	20,000	-	20,000
Communication	37,500	11,024	26,476
Insurance	8,000	6,261	1,739
Legal	25,000	22,705	2,295
Meetings	10,000	2,277	7,723
Miscellaneous	4,000	5,654	(1,654)
Landscaping utilities and maintenance	185,000	52,223	132,777
Cost sharing capital costs	825,000	52,077	772,923
Long range planning	30,000	-	30,000
County collection fees	10,087	9,869	218
Transfer to Debt Service Fund	630,000	1,000,000	(370,000)
Transfer to Water Enterprise	39,000	35,890	3,110
Contingency	795,984	-	795,984
Emergency Reserve	36,742		36,742
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,726,463	1,219,547	1,506,916
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(2,006,771)	(510,495)	1,496,276
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	2,006,771	2,231,114	224,343
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ 1,720,619	\$ 1,720,619

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014

Note 1: Reporting Entity

The Eagle Bend Metropolitan District No. 2 ("the District") was organized on November 3, 1998 in the City of Aurora, Colorado as a quasi-municipal organization established under the State of Colorado Special District Act. The District was established to develop and provide streets, water and sanitation, safety controls, television relay, translator and parks and recreation services to users in the service area. The District's primary revenues are "property taxes." The District is governed by an elected Board of Directors.

The Eagle Bend Metropolitan District No. 2 Water Activity Enterprise ("the Enterprise") was established in 2008 as a "water activity enterprise" of the District pursuant to Title 37, Article 45.1, Part 1, Colorado Revised Statutes ("the Act"). The Enterprise will continue all of the District's water activities, including but not limited to water acquisition or water projects or facility activities, including the construction, operation, repair and replacement of water, wastewater or storm water facilities, using revenues generated by such water activities and held and managed in the District's water enterprise fund. Pursuant to the Act, the Enterprise is excluded from the provisions of Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution (see Note 6).

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"), these financial statements present the activities of the District, which is legally separate and financially independent of other state and local governments. The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB sets forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency. The pronouncements also require including a possible component unit if it would be misleading to exclude it.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization. The District has no component units as defined by the GASB.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the District conform to GAAP as applicable to governmental units. GASB is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting. The following is a summary of the more significant policies consistently applied in the preparation of financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are presented per GASB No. 34.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and the (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District is reported as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are collected.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The material sources of revenue subject to accrual are property taxes and interest. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is paid.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Debt Service Fund - The Debt Service Fund is used to account for all financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal, interest and other debt related costs.

The District reports the following major proprietary fund:

Water Enterprise Fund – The Water Enterprise Fund accounts for activities associated with the water distribution system.

The Enterprise Fund accounts for the operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent is that the costs of providing goods or services on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary fund's ongoing operations. Operating revenues consist of charges to customers for services provided. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses or capital contributions. The District's proprietary fund consists of the Water Enterprise Fund.

Budgetary Accounting

Budgets are adopted on a non-GAAP basis for the proprietary fund. In accordance with the State Budget Law of Colorado, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall of each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification.

The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year end.

During November 2014, the District amended its total appropriations in the Debt Service Fund from \$2,465,788 to \$4,100,000 primarily due to the early redemption of the Series 2004 bonds.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014

Statement of Cash Flows

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the District considers cash deposits with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. During 2014, the District incurred no noncash activities other than depreciation and amortization.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows and Net Position

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The District's financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable. The District estimates that the fair value of all financial instruments at December 31, 2014 does not differ materially from the aggregate carrying values of its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying balance sheet. The carrying amount of these financial instruments approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Investments for the government are reported at fair value.

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a minimum number of bank accounts. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each funds' average equity balance in the total cash.

Estimates

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the District management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred loss on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred loss on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt (2033).

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Property taxes for the current year but collectable in the subsequent year are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the life of the assets are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable using the straight-line method. Depreciation on property that will remain assets of the District is reported on the Statement of Activities as a current charge. Improvements that will be conveyed to other governmental entities are classified as construction in progress and are not depreciated. Land is not depreciated.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Landscaping 20 years Wells and pipeline 40 years

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014

Property Tax

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or in equal installments, at the taxpayers' election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in July or August and the sales of the resultant tax liens on delinquent properties are generally held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflows in the year they are levied and measurable since they are not normally available nor are they budgeted as a resource until the subsequent year. The deferred property taxes are recorded as revenue in the subsequent year when they are available or collected.

Fund Balance

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent:

Nonspendable Fund Balance

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form (such as inventory or prepaids) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance

The restricted fund balance includes amounts restricted for a specific purpose by external parties such as grantors, bondholders, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The restricted fund balance in the General Fund represents Emergency Reserves that have been provided as required by Article X, Section 20 of the Constitution of the State of Colorado. A total of \$36,911 of the General Fund balance has been restricted in compliance with this requirement.

The restricted fund balance in the Debt Service Fund in the amount of \$8,448 is restricted for the payment of the debt service costs associated with the General Obligation Refunding Bonds (see Note 5).

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014

Committed Fund Balance

The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance

Assigned fund balance includes amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the Board of Directors or by an official or body to which the Board of Directors delegates the authority.

The assigned fund balance in the General Fund in the amount of \$1,683,708 represents the amount for use in the budget for the year ending December 31, 2015.

Unassigned Fund Balance

Unassigned fund balance includes amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the General Fund.

For the classification of Governmental Fund balances, the District considers an expenditure to be made from the most restrictive first when more than one classification is available.

Net Position

Net Position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The District reports three categories of net position, as follows:

Net investment in capital assets – consists of net capital assets, except for construction in progress, reduced by outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and increased by balances of deferred outflows or resources related to those assets.

Restricted net position – net position is considered restricted if their use is constrained to a particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by external organizations such as federal or state laws. Restricted net position is reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the restricted assets.

Unrestricted net position – consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of the above two components and is available for general use by the District.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District will use the most restrictive net position first.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014

Note 3: Cash and Investments

As of December 31, 2014, cash and investments are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net position:

Cash and investments	\$ 3,138,482
Cash and investments - restricted	7,643
Total	\$ 3,146,155

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2014 consist of the following:

Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 1,517,737
Investments	1,628,418
	\$ 3,146,155

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act, ("PDPA") requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. State regulators determine eligibility. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool is to be maintained by another institution, or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits. The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured depositories and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

The District follows state statutes for deposits. None of the District's deposits were exposed to custodial credit risk.

<u>Investments</u>

Credit risk

The District investment policy requires that the District follow state statutes for investments. Colorado statutes specify the types of investments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest. These investments include obligations of the United States and certain U.S. Government agency entities, certain money market funds, guaranteed investment contracts, and local government investment pools.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014

Custodial and Concentration of Credit Risk

None of the District's investments are subject to custodial or concentration of credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors.

As of December 31, 2014, the District had the following investments:

COLOTRUST

The local government investment pool, Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust ("COLOTRUST") is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's with a weighted average maturity of less than 60 days. COLOTRUST are investment trust/joint ventures established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The trusts operate similarly to a money market fund with each share maintaining a value of \$1.00. The Trust offers shares in two portfolios, COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+. Both investments consist of U.S. Treasury bills and notes and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper and repurchase agreements collateralized by certain obligations of U.S. government agencies. Designated custodian banks provide safekeeping and depository services to the trusts. Substantially all securities owned by the trusts are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the accounts maintained for the custodian banks. The custodians' internal records identify the investments owned by COLOTRUST. At December 31, 2014, the District had \$1,628,418 invested in COLOTRUST.

Note 4: <u>Capital Assets</u>

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2014 follows:

	Balance			Balance
	1/1/2014	Additions	Deletions	12/31/2014
Governmental Type Activities:				
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Landscaping	\$ 6,468,676	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,468,676
Total capital assets being depreciated:	6,468,676	-	-	6,468,676
Total accumulated depreciation	(2,117,851)	(323,434)		(2,441,285)
Net capital assets being depreciated:	4,350,825	(323,434)		4,027,391
Government type assets, net	\$ 4,350,825	\$ (323,434)	\$ -	\$ 4,027,391

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014

	Balance				Balance		
	 1/1/2014		Additions	Deletions		12	2/31/2014
Business Type Activities:							
Capital assets being depreciated:							
ECCV pipeline	\$ 686,758	\$	-	\$	-	\$	686,758
Well costs	 450,629						450,629
Total capital assets being depreciated:	1,137,387		-		-		1,137,387
Total accumulated depreciation	 (156,122)		(28,435)				(184,557)
Net capital assets being depreciated:	 981,265	_	(28,435)				952,830
Business type assets, net	\$ 981,265	\$	(28,435)	\$		\$	952,830

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
Landscaping	\$ 323,434
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$ 323,434
Business-type activities:	
Wells	\$ 11,266
ECCV pipeline	17,169
Total depreciation expense – business type activities	\$ 28,435

Upon completion and acceptance, all of the governmental activities fixed assets except for the landscaping will be conveyed by the District to other local governments. The District will not be responsible for maintenance.

Note 5: Long-Term Debt

A description of the long-term obligations as of December 31, 2014, is as follows:

<u>Series 2004 Limited Tax General Obligation Refunding Bonds</u> – The District issued its Series 2004 bonds in the original principal amount of \$3,355,000. The bonds are subject to optional redemption from December 1, 2014 to November 30, 2015 with a 1% redemption premium, and thereafter with no premium. The bonds carry coupon rates ranging from 2.25% to 5.00%. The bonds were issued to refund a portion of the District's 1999 subordinate bonds. During 2014, the District exercised its option to early redeem the remaining Series 2004 Bonds. A redemption premium of \$15,400 was paid.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014

<u>Series 2005 General Obligation Refunding Bonds</u> – The District issued its Series 2005 bonds in the original principal amount of \$15,465,000. The bonds are subject to optional redemption on or after December 31, 2015 with no redemption premium, and subject to mandatory sinking fund requirements beginning December 1, 2021. The bonds carry coupon rates ranging from 4.50% to 5.00%. The bonds were issued to refund all the District's remaining Series 1999 subordinate bonds.

<u>Series 2012 General Obligation Refunding Loan</u> – On April 27, 2012, the District advance refunded its outstanding Series 2003 Bonds totaling \$17,625,000 with a \$19,000,000 loan. The loan carries a coupon rate of 3.39% and calls for interest payments on June 1st and December 1st commencing December 1, 2012. Principal payments are due annually on December 1st commencing December 1, 2012 through 2033. The loan is subject to optional redemption on or after April 27, 2022 with no redemption premium. The refunding resulted in a present value savings of approximately \$1,072,000 to the District.

The following is an analysis of changes in long-term debt for the period ending December 31, 2014:

	Balance			Balance	Current
	1/1/2014	Additions	Deletions	12/31/2014	Portion
2004 G.O. Bonds	\$ 1,755,000	\$ -	\$1,755,000	\$ -	\$ -
2005 G.O. Bonds	15,465,000	-	-	15,465,000	-
2012 G.O. Refunding Loan	18,070,000		735,000	17,335,000	780,000
	35,290,000		2,490,000	32,800,000	780,000
2004 G.O.Bonds Premium	38,759	-	38,759	-	-
2005 G.O.Bonds Discount	(102,026)		(5,639)	(96,387)	
	\$ 35,226,733	\$ -	\$2,523,120	\$ 32,703,613	\$ 780,000

As of December 31, 2014, the District amortized \$50,563 of original issue discount and \$56,039 of original issue premium. The remaining premium was expensed when the 2004 GO Bonds were paid in full.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014

The following is a summary of the annual long-term debt principal and interest requirements as of December 31, 2014:

	Principal			Interest	Total
2015	\$	780,000	\$	1,342,019	\$ 2,122,019
2016		805,000		1,315,578	2,120,578
2017		835,000		1,288,287	2,123,287
2018		865,000		1,259,982	2,124,982
2019		890,000		1,230,658	2,120,658
2020-2024		6,265,000		5,598,923	11,863,923
2025-2029		8,485,000		4,261,954	12,746,954
2030-2034	1	1,200,000		2,292,778	13,492,778
2035		2,675,000	_	133,750	 2,808,750
	\$3	2,800,000	\$ 1	18,723,929	\$ 51,523,929

At December 31, 2014, the District had \$4,455,000 of voter-authorized but unissued indebtedness. Notwithstanding, the District has issued all of the general obligation debt authorized by its service plan.

Note 6: <u>Tax Spending and Debt Limitations</u>

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer Bill of Rights ("TABOR"), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Enterprises, defined as government-owned business authorized to issue revenue bonds and receiving less than 10% of annual revenue in grants from all state and local governments combined, are excluded from the provisions of TABOR. The District's management believes a significant portion of its operations qualifies for this exclusion.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

On November 3, 1998, a majority of the District's electors authorized the District to collect and spend or retain in a reserve all currently levied taxes and fees of the District without regard to any limitations under Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution.

Note 7: Intergovernmental Agreements

The District and the City of Aurora have entered into an intergovernmental Agreement as required by the City of Aurora Code and the District's Consolidated Service Plan. Under this agreement, the District must obtain the approval of the City of Aurora Council prior to; (i) any inclusion of property in or exclusion of property from the boundaries of the District, (ii) any refunding of the bonds of the District which could shorten or extend the maturities of such bonds or increase the total debt service thereon (subject to certain exception) or (iii) any consolidation with any other special district.

The District and the City of Aurora Water Department entered into an agreement August 22, 2007 to construct a connection to the East Cherry Creek Valley ("ECCV") waterline. The District is to reimburse the City of Aurora \$557,089 for design and construction costs through water rate charges and a one-time down payment of \$100,000. Reimbursement for the project costs will be charged to the District based on the difference between the current City domestic irrigation rate less the City raw water rate. When the project costs have been reimbursed, the City will charge all water delivered through the ECCV connection to the District at the then current City raw water rate.

Note 8: Risk Management

Except as provided in the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act, 24-10-101, et seq., CRS, the District may be exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to agents; and natural disasters. The District has elected to participate in the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool ("the Pool") which is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide common liability and casualty insurance coverage to its members at a cost that is considered economically appropriate. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for auto, public officials' liability, and property and general liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed its amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and its accumulated reserves, the District may be called upon to make additional contributions to the Pool on the basis proportionate to other members.



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND

REVENUES		Original Budget		Final Budget		<u>Actual</u>	F	Variance Favorable nfavorable)
	Ф	2.072.400	ф	2.072.400	ф	2.025.520	Ф	(27.051)
Property taxes	\$	2,073,490	\$	2,073,490	\$	2,035,539	\$	(37,951)
Ownership taxes		145,144		145,144		149,250		4,106
Transfer from General Fund		630,000		1,100,000		1,000,000		(100,000)
Interest income		10,000		10,000		8,252		(1,748)
TOTAL REVENUES		2,858,634		3,328,634		3,193,041		(135,593)
EXPENDITURES								
Bond principal		215,000		1,755,000		1,755,000		_
Bond interest		842,113		842,113		842,113		_
Loan Principal		735,000		735,000		735,000		-
Loan interest		612,573		612,573		612,291		282
Redemption premium		_		15,400		15,400		_
Miscellaneous		_		78,812		8,394		70,418
Legal		10,000		10,000		-		10,000
Paying agent fees		20.000		20,000		9.858		10,142
County collection fees		31,102		31,102		30,428		674
·								
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		2,465,788		4,100,000	_	4,008,484		91,516
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		392,846		(771,366)		(815,443)		(44,077)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		836,463		836,463	_	823,891		(12,572)
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	1,229,309	\$	65,097	\$	8,448	\$	(56,649)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUNDS AVAILABLE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) - PROPRIETARY FUND

REVENUES	•	inal/Final udget		<u>Actual</u>	Fa	ariance vorable <u>avorable)</u>
Water service	\$	360,000	\$	323,016	\$	(36,984)
Tranfer from General Fund		39,000	_	35,890		(3,110)
TOTAL REVENUES		399,000		358,906		(40,094)
EXPENDITURES						
Utilities		176,372		103,567		72,805
Repairs and maintenance		83,000		2,423		80,577
Administration		32,700		7,187		25,513
Management		30,000		18,925		11,075
Water projects		65,000		-		65,000
Upgrades		15,000		-		15,000
Reserves for future water resources		767,536		-		767,536
Contingency		10,000				10,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,	179,608		132,102	1	,047,506
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER						
EXPENDITURES	(780,608)		226,804	1	,007,412
FUNDS AVAILABLE						
BEGINNING OF YEAR		780,608		853,417		72,809
END OF YEAR	\$	_	\$	1,080,221	\$ 1	,080,221
Funds available computed as follows:						
Current assets			\$	1,371,906		
Liabilities				(291,685)		
			\$	1,080,221		

RECONCILIATION OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGETARY BASIS (ACTUAL) TO STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

Excess of revenues over expenditures \$ 226,804

Deduct depreciation which is an expense (28,435)

Changes in Net Position per Statement Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position \$ 198,369

EAGLE BEND METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY $(\mbox{UNAUDITED})$

\$15,465,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2005 Interest Rate 4.50% to 5.00% Interest Payable June 1 and December 1 Principal Due December 1

Year Ended December 31,	<u>Prii</u>	ncipal	<u>I1</u>	<u>nterest</u>	, -	<u> Fotal</u>
2015	\$	_	\$	754,363		754,363
2016		_		754,363		754,363
2017		_		754,363		754,363
2018		-		754,363		754,363
2019		-		754,363		754,363
2020		-		754,363		754,363
2021		260,000		754,363		1,014,363
2022		315,000		742,663		1,057,663
2023		340,000		728,488		1,068,488
2024		400,000		713,188		1,113,188
2025		420,000		695,188		1,115,188
2026		490,000		676,288		1,166,288
2027		510,000		653,013		1,163,013
2028		585,000		628,788		1,213,788
2029	1	,195,000		601,000		1,796,000
2030	1	,305,000		544,238		1,849,238
2031	1	,365,000		482,250		1,847,250
2032	1	,490,000		414,000		1,904,000
2033	1	,565,000		339,500		1,904,500
2034	2	,550,000		261,250		2,811,250
2035	2	,675,000		133,750		2,808,750
	<u>\$ 15</u>	<u>,465,000</u>	<u>\$ 12</u>	.894,145	\$	28,359,145

EAGLE BEND METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY $(\mbox{UNAUDITED})$

\$19,000,000 General Obligation Refunding Loan, Series 2012 Interest Rate 3.39% Interest Payable June 1 and December 1

Principal Due December 1 Total of All Debt

Year Ended December 31,	<u>Pri</u>	ncipal]	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>		Principal	Interest		<u>Total</u>
2015	\$	780,000	\$	587,656	\$ 1,367,656	\$	780,000	\$ 1,342,019	\$	2,122,019
2016		805,000		561,215	1,366,215		805,000	1,315,578		2,120,578
2017		835,000		533,924	1,368,924		835,000	1,288,287		2,123,287
2018		865,000		505,619	1,370,619		865,000	1,259,982		2,124,982
2019		890,000		476,295	1,366,295		890,000	1,230,658		2,120,658
2020		925,000		446,123	1,371,123		925,000	1,200,486		2,125,486
2021		960,000		414,767	1,374,767		1,220,000	1,169,130		2,389,130
2022		990,000		382,223	1,372,223		1,305,000	1,124,886		2,429,886
2023	1,	020,000		348,661	1,368,661		1,360,000	1,077,149		2,437,149
2024	1,	055,000		314,084	1,369,084		1,455,000	1,027,272		2,482,272
2025	1,	095,000		278,319	1,373,319		1,515,000	973,507		2,488,507
2026	1,	130,000		241,198	1,371,198		1,620,000	917,486		2,537,486
2027	1,	170,000		202,892	1,372,892		1,680,000	855,905		2,535,905
2028	1,	215,000		163,228	1,378,228		1,800,000	792,016		2,592,016
2029		675,000		122,040	797,040		1,870,000	723,040		2,593,040
2030		700,000		99,158	799,158		2,005,000	643,396		2,648,396
2031		720,000		75,428	795,428		2,085,000	557,678		2,642,678
2032		740,000		51,020	791,020		2,230,000	465,020		2,695,020
2033		765,000		25,934	790,934		2,330,000	365,434		2,695,434
2034		-		-	-		2,550,000	261,250		2,811,250
2035					 _	_	2,675,000	 133,750		2,808,750
	\$ 17.	335,000	\$:	5,829,784	\$ 23,164,784	\$3	32,800,000	\$ 18,723,929	\$:	51,523,929

SUMMARY OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED December 31, 2014 (UNAUDITED)

Prior
Year Assessed
Valuation
for Current

		Valuation					
		for Current					Percent
Year Ended	Y	ear Property	Mills I	Levied	Total Pro	perty Tax	Collected
December 31,		Tax Levy	General Fund	Debt Service	Levied	Collected	to Levied
2003	\$	20,026,800	5.000	40.289	\$ 906,994	\$ 904,887	99.77%
2004	\$	31,455,270	5.000	47.060	\$ 1,637,561	\$ 1,479,538	90.35%
2005	\$	39,084,550	5.000	47.060	\$ 2,034,742	\$ 1,881,816	92.48%
2006	\$	48,031,750	10.000	42.000	\$ 2,497,651	\$ 2,681,945	107.38%
2007	\$	52,826,000	10.000	42.000	\$ 2,746,952	\$ 2,781,154	101.25%
2008	\$	62,958,230	12.000	37.000	\$ 3,084,954	\$ 3,059,012	99.16%
2009	\$	63,743,060	12.000	37.000	\$ 3,123,410	\$ 2,987,047	95.63%
2010	\$	64,888,350	12.000	37.000	\$ 3,179,529	\$ 3,145,732	98.94%
2011	\$	64,027,680	12.000	37.000	\$ 3,137,356	\$ 3,099,978	98.81%
2012	\$	57,495,640	12.000	37.000	\$ 2,817,286	\$ 2,818,705	100.05%
2013	\$	57,698,510	12.000	37.000	\$ 2,827,227	\$ 2,789,808	98.68%
2014	\$	56,040,280	12.000	37.000	\$ 2,745,974	\$ 2,695,714	98.17%
Estimated for year ending December 31,							
2015	\$	56,850,230	12.000	37.000	\$ 2,785,661		

NOTE

Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes levied and/or abatements or valuations in prior years. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year assessment.